# **Beverly Display Solutions**

# Module No. : <u>BD050GNB01</u>

# Revision : Ver 1.0

# Customer

Approved By	Date	Notes

F	Rev	Issued Date	Description	Editor
	1.0	2013-1-2	Preliminary Specification Release	

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### 1. General Description

- 5.0", Normally Black, 256K Colors, MVA TFT dot matrix LCD module.
- Viewing Angle: 6 o'clock
- Driving IC: HX8257A
- Logic Voltage : 3.3V(Type)
- Data Interface: RGB Interface.

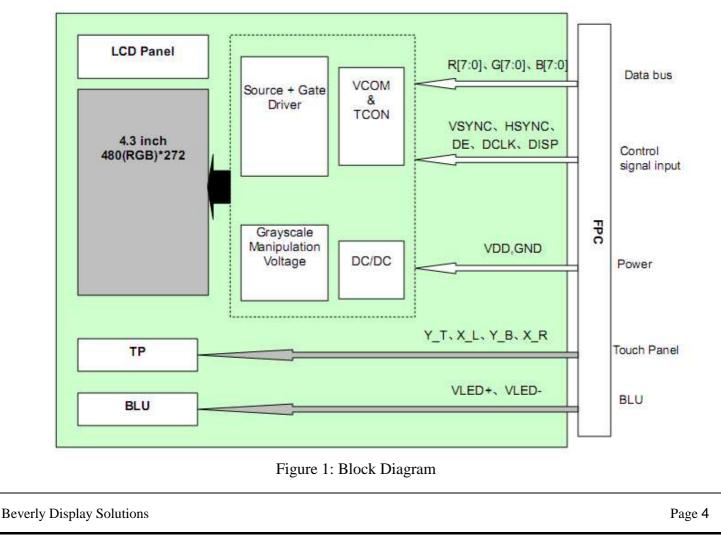
### 2. Mechanical Specifications

The mechanical detail is shown in Fig. 2 and summarized in Table 1 below.

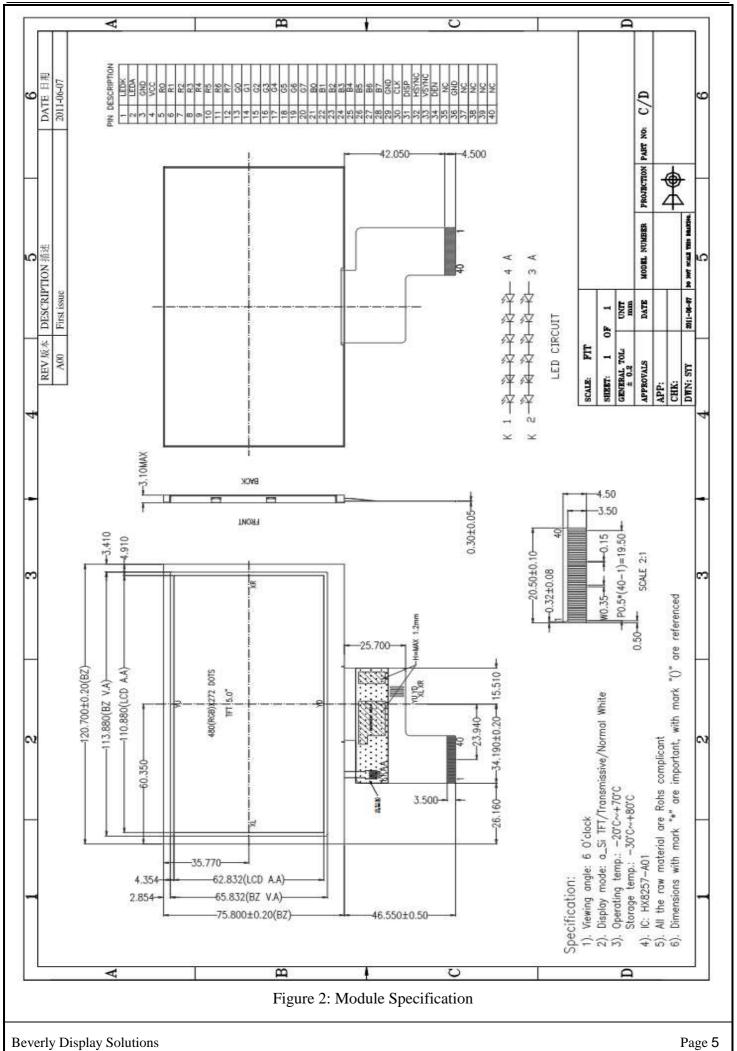
Parameter		Specifications	Unit
Outline dimensio	ons	120.7(W) x 75.8(H) x 3.1(D)	mm
Active area		110.88(W) x 62.832(H)	mm
Color TFT	Display format	480 (RGB) x 272	dots
240xRGBx320	Color configuration	RGB stripe	-
Dot pitch		0.231 (RGB) (W) x 0.231(H)	mm
W	Veight	Approx TBD	gram

Note 1: Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition. There is a 180 degree shift.

Note 2: Requirements on Environmental Protection: RoHS



#### BD050GNB01



# 3. Interface Signals

Table 2: Pin assignment						
Pin No.	Symbol	Description				
1	LEDK	Cathode of LED backlight.				
2	LEDA	Anode of LED backlight.				
3	GND	Ground.				
4	VDD	Power supply to the liquid crystal power supply analog circuit. Connect to an external power supply.				
5~12	R0~R7	Red Data bus.				
13~20	G0~G7	Green Data bus.				
21~28	B0~B7	Blue Data bus.				
29	GND	Ground.				
30	DCLK	Dot Data Clock				
31	DISP	Standby Mode. DISP="1":Normally operation. DISP="0":Standby mode.				
32	HSYNC	Horizontal Synchronous Signal				
33	VSYNC	Vertical Synchronous Signal				
34	DEN	Data Enable Signal				
35	NC	Dummy pin, Please let it float.				
36	GND	Ground.				
37	XR	Dummy pin, Please let it float.				
38	YD	Dummy pin, Please let it float				
39	XL	Dummy pin, Please let it float.				
40	YU	Dummy pin, Please let it float.				

## 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

### 4.1 Electrical Maximum Ratings – for IC Only

	Table 3			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage (VDD)	IOVDD	-0.3	+4.6	V
Power supply voltage (VDD)	VDD	-0.3	+4.6	V
Back Light Forward Current	IF		50	mA
Logic input voltage	VIN	-0.3	IOVDD+0.5	V
Logic output voltage	VOUT	-0.3	IOVDD+0.5	V

Note 1: GND =0V.

Note2: No condensation allowed under any condition.

#### 4.2 Environmental Condition

<u>Table 4</u>							
Item	Operating temperature (Topr)		Storage temperature (Tstg) (Note 1)		Remark		
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.			
Ambient temperature(Ta)	-20°C	+70°C	-30°C	+80°C	Dry		
Humidity (Note 1)	RH for 40°	90% max. RH for Ta $\leq$ 40°C< 50% RH for 40°C < Ta $\leq$ Maximum operating temperature					
Vibration(IEC 68-2-6) cells must be mounted on a suitable connector	1 2	Frequency: 10 ~ 55 Hz Amplitude: 0.75 mm Duration: 20 cycles in each					
Shock (IEC 68-2-27) Half -sine pulse shape	Pulse du Peak ac Number perpendicu	3 directions					

Note 1: Product cannot sustain at extreme storage conditions for long time.

# **5. Electrical Specifications**

#### **5.1 Typical Electrical Characteristics** At Ta = $25 \degree$ C, VDD=3.3V, GND=0V.

		Table 5				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD		+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V
Gate drive High voltage	VGH		-	-	-	V
Gate drive Low voltage	VGL		-	-	-	V
Input signal valtage	V <sub>IH</sub>	"H" level	0.7IOV DD	-	IOVD D	V
Input signal voltage	$V_{IL}$	"L" level	VSSD	-	0.3IOV DD	V
Supply current	ICC+IVDD	IOVDD= +3.3V, Note1	-	-	-	mA
Supply current	ICC+IVDD	VDD = +3.3V, Note 1	-	-	-	mA
Supply voltage of white LED backlight	VLED	Forward current =40mA(@25°C) Number of LED dies = 12	-	19.2	21	V

Note 1: Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may develop image sticking due to the LCD structure. It should change pattern frequently. If the screen is displayed with fixed pattern, use a screen saver.

#### 5.2 TFT Panel Timing Characteristics

#### 5.2.1 Input Setup Timing

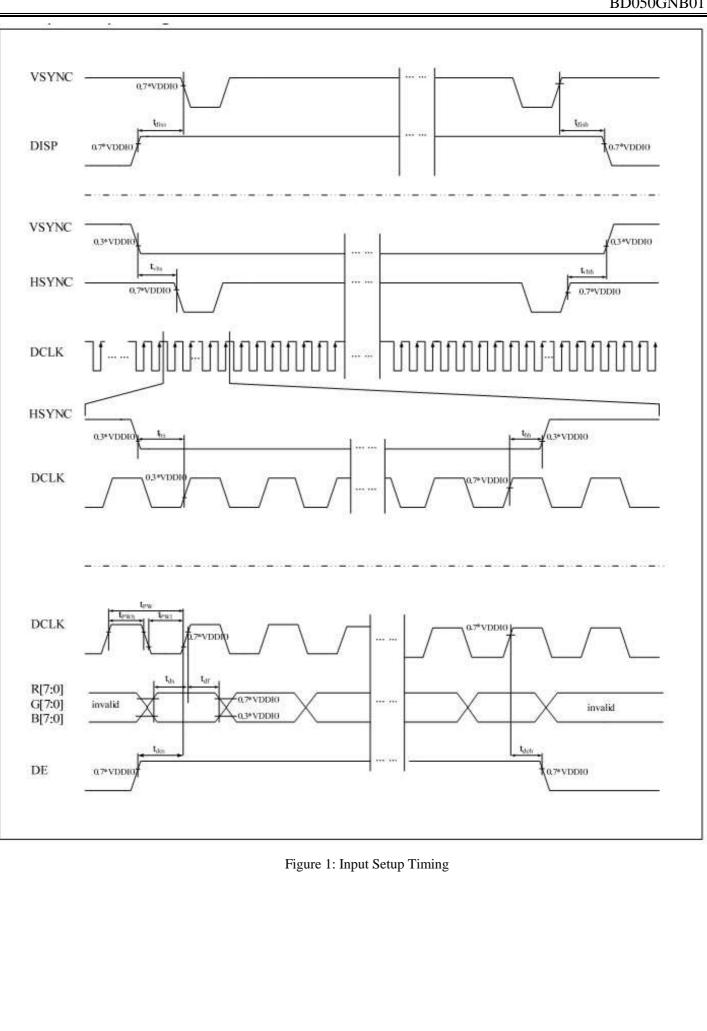
At Ta = 25°C, GND=0V, IOVDD=VDD=3.3V.

Parameter	Symb ol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
DCLK Cycle Time	T <sub>pw</sub>	66.7	2	2	ns	
DCLK Pulse High Width	Tpwh	26.7	*		ns	
DCLK Pulse Low Width	Tpwi	26.7	2	2	ns	
DE Setup Time	T <sub>des</sub>	10			ns	
DE Hold Time	Tdeh	10	<u> </u>	2	ns	
HSYNC Setup Time	The	10	*		ns	
HSYNC Hold Time	Thn	10	2	2	ns	
VSYNC Setup Time	Tyhs	10	*		ns	
VSYNC Hold Time	Typh	10	2	2	ns	
Data Setup Time	Tds	10		-	ns	
Data Hold Time	Tdh	10	<u> </u>	2	ns	
DISP Setup Time	Tdiss	10	*		us	
DISP Hold Time	T <sub>dish</sub>	10	12	<u> </u>	ms	

Note 1: t<sub>r</sub>=t<sub>f</sub>=2ns.t<sub>r</sub>, t<sub>f</sub> is defined 10% to 90% of signal amplitude.

Note 2: For parallel interface, maximum clock frequency is 15MHz.

Table 6



#### 5.2.2 Data Input Timing Parameter Setting

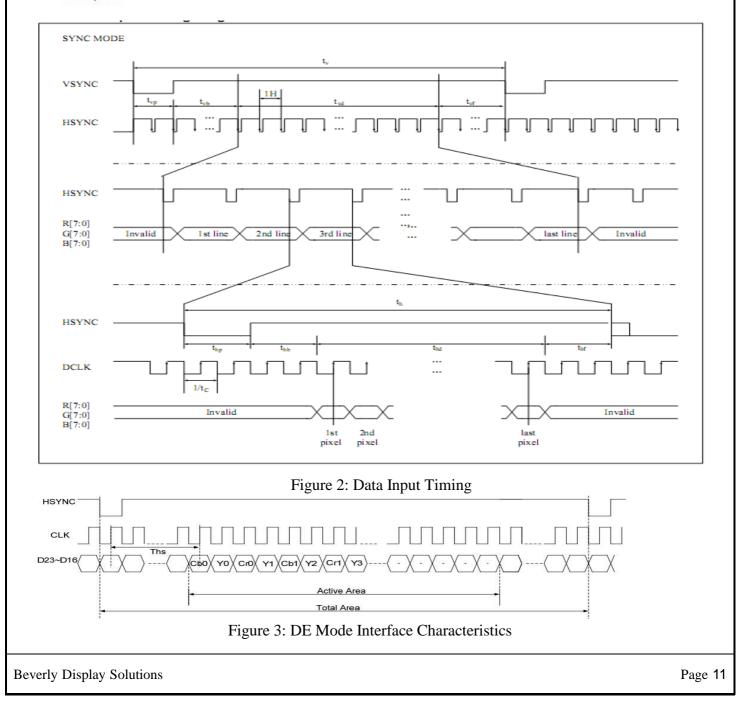
At Ta = 25°C, GND=0V, VDD=3.3V.

Table 7

Deservation	Complexit		Spec.		11111
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DCLK frequency	folk	-	9	15	MHZ
HSYNC frequency	1/th	(20)	17.14	<u></u>	KHz
VSYNC frequency	1/t <sub>v</sub>	e <b>n</b> 0	59.94	51	Hz
Horizontal cycle	th	525	525	605	DCLK
Horizontal display period	thd	22	480	20 192	DCLK
Horizontal pulse width	thp	2	41	41	DCLK
Horizontal back porch	thb	2	2	41	DCLK
Horizontal front porch	thr	2	2	82	DCLK
Vertical cycle	tv	285	286	399	HSYNC
Vertical display period	t <sub>vd</sub>	9	272	22	HSYNC
Vertical pulse width	tvp	1	10	11	HSYNC
Vertical back porch	t <sub>vb</sub>	1	2	11	HSYNC
Vertical front porch	t <sub>vf</sub>	1	2	227	HSYNC

Note 1: Unit: CLK=1/ fcLK , H= th,

Note 2: It is necessary to keep tvp+tvb=12 and thp+thb= 43 in sync mode. DE mode is unnecessary to keep it.



#### 6. Optical Characteristics (for panel only)

Table 8: Optical characteristics

			-						
Items		Symbol	Cond	ition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Response T	ime	$T_R + T_F$	Ta=25°C	Viewing normal angle $\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	-	20	30	ms	(Note 1)
	12'	2			-	20	-		
Viewing angle	6'	1	Ta=25°C	Center	-	40	-	deg.	(Note 2)
viewing angle	9'	2	1a-25 C	CR≥10	-	45	-	ucg.	(10010 2)
	3'	1			-	45	-		
Contrast Ratio		CR	Ta=25°C	Viewing normal angle $\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$	350	500	-	-	(Note 3)
Luminance (on the surface)	e module	Br	Ta=25°C		230	300	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	
Transmittance		%			-	6.5	-	%	
	Red	X <sub>R</sub>				0.607		-	
	Reu	УR				0.350		-	
	Green	XG		Viewing		0.298		-	
Chromaticity	Olech	УG	Ta=25°C	normal		0.566		-	(Note 4)
Cinomationy	Blue	XB	1 a-25 C	angle		0.161		-	
	Diac	Ув		$\theta = \phi = 0^{\circ}$		0.178		-	
	White	$\mathbf{X}_{\mathbf{W}}$				0.298		-	
	// Inte	Уw				0.331		-	

Note 1: The electro-optical response time measurements shall be made as Figure 5 by switching the "data" input signal OFF and ON. The times needed for the luminance to change from 10% to 90% s  $T_r$ , and 90% to 10% is  $T_f$ .

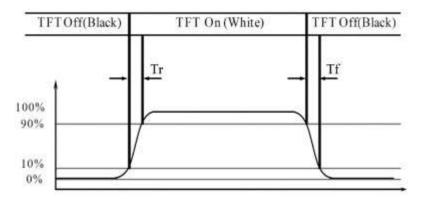
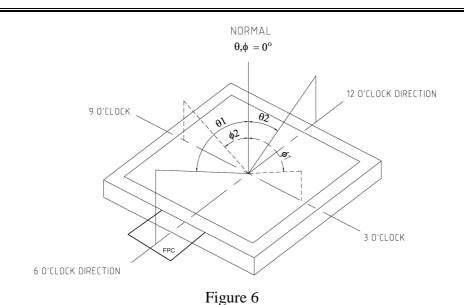


Figure 5: Response Time Testing

Note 2: The definitions of viewing angle.

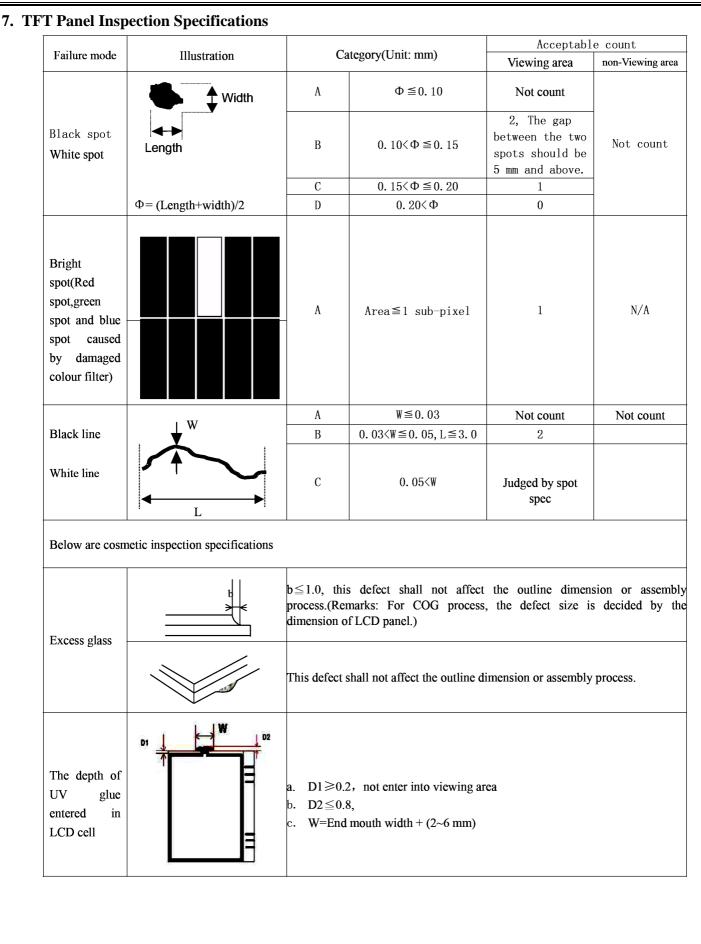


Note 3:Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of  $\theta=0^{\circ}$  and at the center of the LCD surface by using DMS. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state. (See figure 6)

Luminace Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically.

CR = Luminance when displaying a white raster Luminance when displaying a black raster

Note 4: The color chromaticity coordinates specified in Table 9 shall be updated from later actual spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.



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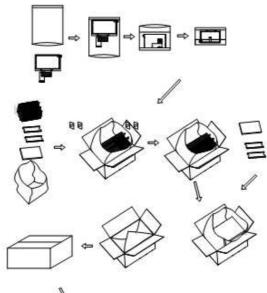
	① LCD ledge damage		Category
		A	The defect shall not affect the outline dimension c assembly process at non ITO zone.
		В	$b \le 1/4w$ , a & c not count (at ITO zone)
	t a'	С	Alignment mark on LCD ledge shall not be damaged.
Glass defect(scratch	② Outside of perimeter damage 边框架(Perimeter) 边框内沿(Inside of perimeter) 边框外沿(coutside of perimeter).	b can't reach inside	of perimeter.
,damage)	③ Joint glass damage 这框架(Perimeter). 过框内沿(Inside of perimeter). 边框外沿(Cutside of perimeter).	b can't reach outsid	e of perimeter or ITO layout.
	④ Corner damage	A	$a \leq t$ , $b \leq 3.0$ , $c \leq 3.0$
		B. Alignment m	ark on LCD ledge shall not be damaged.
Remark: a stand	ds for thickness of damage, b for	width, c for length a	nd t for glass thickness. (Unit: mm)

#### 8. Packing demonstrate

No	ltem	Model(Material)	Dimensions (mm)	Unit Weigt (Kg)	Quantity	Remark
1	LCM module	BD050RDB03	120.7x75.8x3.1	TBD	112	·
2	Partition_1	Corrugated paper	513X333X106	0.7	2	
3	Anti-static Bag	PE	136X140X0.05	0.0007	112	Anti-static
4	Dust-Proof Bag	PE	2	0.06	1	
5	Partition_2	Corrugated Paper	505X332X4.0	0.09	3	
6	Corrugated Bar	Corrugated paper	513X110×31	0.048	4	
7	Beauty-grain	Beauty-grain	30x10		112	
8	Desiccant	Desiccant	45x35	0.002	24	
9	Carton	Corrugated paper	530X350X250	1.10	1	
10	Total weight	TBD ,				

Note: Packaging Specification and Quantity

Module quantity in a carton: 28pcs(per row)x2(per column)x2= 112pcs





#### 9. PRECAUTIONS FOR LCM

Beverly Display Solutions LCMs have been assembled and accurately calibrated before delivery. Please observe the following criteria when handling.

#### 9.1 Static electricity warning

A. Do not take the LCM from its anti-static bag until it's to be assembled.

LCM's are individually packaged in bags specially treated to resist static electricity. When storing, keep the LCM packed in the original bags, or store them in a container processed to be resistant to static electricity, or in an electric conductive container.

B. Always use a ground strap when handling a LCM.

Always use a ground strap while working with the module, from the time it is taken out of the anti-static bag until it is assembled. If it is necessary to transfer the LCM, once it has been taken out of the bag, always place it in an electric conductive container. Avoid wearing clothes made of chemical fibers, the use of cotton or conductive treated fiber clothing is recommended.

C. Use a no-leak iron for soldering the LCM.

The soldering iron to be used for soldering the I/O terminals to the LCM are to be insulated or grounded at the iron tip.

D. Always ground electrical apparatuses required for assembly.

Electrical apparatuses required to assemble the LCM into a product, i.e. electrical screw drivers, are to be first grounded to avoid transmitting spike noises from the motor.

- E. Assure that the work bench is properly grounded.
- F. Peel off the LCM protective film slowly.

The module is attached with a film to protect the display surface from contamination, damage, adhesion of flux, etc. Peeling off this film abruptly could cause static electricity to be generated, so peel the tape slowly.

G. Pay attention to the humidity in the work area.

50~60% RH is recommended.

#### 9.2 Precautions for the soldering of a LCM

The following procedures should be followed when soldering the LCM:

- A. Solder only to the I/O terminal.
- B. Use a no leakage soldering iron and pay particular attention to the following:
  - (1) Conditions for soldering I/O terminals

Temperature at iron tip:  $280^{\circ}$ C +  $10^{\circ}$ C

Soldering time: 3~4 sec/terminal

Type of solder: Eutectic solder (rosin flux filled)

Note: (Avoid using flux, because it could penetrate the module and the module may get contaminated during cleaning.) Peel off protective film after soldering the I/O terminals. By following this procedure, the surface contamination caused by the dispersion of flux while soldering can be avoided.

(2) Removing the wiring

(When a lead wire, or a connector to the I/O terminal of the module is to be removed, remove it only after the solder at the connection has sufficiently melted since the I/O terminal is a through hole.) If it is forcefully removed, it could cause the terminal to break or peel. The recommended procedure is to use a suction-type solder remover. Caution: do not reheat the I/O terminal more than 3 times.

#### 9.3 Long-term storage

If the correct method of storage is not followed, deterioration of the display material (polarizer) and oxidation of the I/O terminal plating may make the process of soldering difficult. Please comply with the following procedure.

A. Store in the shipping container.

B. If the shipping container is not available, place in anti-static bags and seal the opening.

C. Store the modules where they are not subjected to direct sunlight or a fluorescent lamp.

D. Store in a temperature range of  $0^{\circ}$ C - 35  $^{\circ}$ C with low relative humidity.

#### 9.4 Precautions in use of LCD modules

A. Do not give any external shock.

- B. Do not wipe the surface with hard materials.
- C. Do not apply excessive force on the surface.
- D. Do not expose to direct sunlight or fluorescent light for a long time.
- E. Avoid storage in high temperature and high humidity.
- F. When storage for a long time at 40  $^{\circ}$ C or higher is required, R/H should be less than 60%.
- G. Liquid in LCD is hazardous substance. Do not lick, swallow when the liquid is attached to your hands, skin, clothes etc. Wash it out thoroughly.